Version 1.5

Revision Date 23.08.2021

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	:	Shell Gadus S2 OG 50
Product code	:	001D8493

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Automotive and industrial grease.
Uses advised against	:	This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the supplier.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Deutschland GmbH
	Suhrenkamp 71-77
	D-22335 Hamburg
Telephone	: (+49) 40 6324-6255
Telefax	: (+49) 40 6321-051
Email Contact for Safety Data	: If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS
Sheet	please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: (+49) 30 3068 6700 (Giftnotruf Berlin)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol re	equired
Signal word	:	No signal word	
Hazard statements	:	N	HYSICAL HAZARDS: lot classified as a physical hazard ccording to CLP criteria. IEALTH HAZARDS:

Shell Gadus S2 OG 50			
Version 1.5	Revision Date 2	3.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.2021
Precautionary statements :	Prevention: Response: Storage: Disposal:	Not classified as a health criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZ Not classified as environi according to CLP criteria No precautionary phrase No precautionary phrase No precautionary phrase	ARDS: mental hazard s. s. s.

Safety data sheet available on request.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities.

High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature :	A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. Classification based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).
:	* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers (REACH registration numbers): 64742-53-6 (01-2119480375- 34), 64742-54-7 (01-2119484627-25), 64742-55-8 (01- 2119487077-29), 64742-56-9 (01-2119480132-48), 64742-65- 0 (01-2119471299-27), 68037-01-4 (01-2119486452-34), 72623-86-0 (01-2119474878-16), 72623-87-1 (01- 2119474889-13), 8042-47-5 (01-2119487078-27), 848301-69- 9 (01-0000020163-82), 68649-12-7 (01-2119527646-33), 151006-60-9 (01-2119523580-47), 163149-28-8 (01- 2119543695-30).

Version 1.5

Revision Date 23.08.2021

Print Date 24.08.2021

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration (% w/w)
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned	Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90
Aluminium paste	7429-90-5 231-072-3	Flam. Sol.2; H228 Water-react.2; H261	1 - 5

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
		When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
2 Most important symptoms ar	nd e	effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

4.2

Shell Gadus S2 O	G 50	
Version 1.5	Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.2021
	Local necrosis is evidenced by dela tissue damage a few hours following	
4.3 Indication of any imm	ediate medical attention and special treatme	nt needed
Treatment	: Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.	
	High pressure injection injuries required intervention and possibly steroid the damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small an seriousness of the underlying dama determine the extent of involvement anaesthetics or hot soaks should be can contribute to swelling, vasospas surgical decompression, debrideme foreign material should be performe anaesthetics, and wide exploration	erapy, to minimise tissue ad do not reflect the age, surgical exploration to t may be necessary. Local e avoided because they sm and ischaemia. Prompt ent and evacuation of ed under general

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2 Special hazards arising from	<ul> <li>Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.</li> <li>Do not use water in a jet.</li> </ul>
Specific hazards during firefighting	: Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

#### **SECTION 6:** Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

## Shell Gadus S2 OG 50

Version 1.5	Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.2021
Personal precautions	<ul> <li>6.1.1 For non emergency personnel: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>6.1.2 For emergency responders: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.</li> </ul>	
6.2 Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid e contamination. Prevent from spreading ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, o	or entering drains,

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

barriers.

Methods for cleaning up	:	Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or
		rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

General Precautions	: Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Advice on safe handling	: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Fire-fighting class	: Fires involving liquids or liquid containing substances. Also includes substances which become liquid at elevated temperatures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Storage class (TRGS 510)	: 10, Combustible liquids
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.

Shell Gadus S2 OG 50		
Version 1.5	Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.2021
	Store at ambient temperature.	
	Refer to section 15 for any additional s covering the packaging and storage o	
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or co steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	ontainer linings, use mild
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible risk	
7.3 Specific end use(s)		
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable.	

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

#### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

No biological limit allocated. **Monitoring Methods** 

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Version 1.5

Revision Date 23.08.2021

Print Date 24.08.2021

**Engineering measures**The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

#### General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

#### Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection :	If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended. Approved to EU Standard EN166.
Hand protection	
Remarks :	Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

## Shell Gadus S2 OG 50

/ersion 1.5	Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.2021
	recognize that suitable gloves offerin may not be available and in this case time maybe acceptable so long as a and replacement regimes are followe a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically g depending on the glove make and m	e a lower breakthrough ppropriate maintenance ed. Glove thickness is not to a chemical as it is of the glove material. greater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily requi work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical	
Respiratory protection	: No respiratory protection is ordinarily conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial h precautions should be taken to avoid If engineering controls do not mainta concentrations to a level which is ad health, select respiratory protection of specific conditions of use and meetin Check with respiratory protective eq Where air-filtering respirators are su appropriate combination of mask and Select a filter suitable for combined p and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling meeting EN14387 and EN143.	ygiene practices, d breathing of material. ain airborne equate to protect worker equipment suitable for the ng relevant legislation. uipment suppliers. itable, select an d filter. particulate/organic gases
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice	<ul> <li>Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.</li> </ul>
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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

sion 1.5		Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.20
Appearance	:	Semi-solid at room temperature.	
Colour	:	black	
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon	
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available	
рН	:	Not applicable	
Drop point	:	>= 270 °CMethod: IP 396	
Melting / freezing point		Not applicable	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Data not available	
Flash point	:	Remarks: Not applicable	
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	:	< 0,5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)	
Relative vapour density	:	> 1estimated value(s)	
Relative density	:	1,000 (15 °C)	
Density	:	1.000 kg/m3 (15,0 °C) Method: ISO 12185	
Solubility(ies)			
Water solubility	:	negligible	
Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	log Pow: > 6(based on information on	similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C	
Decomposition temperature	:	Data not available	
Viscosity			
Viscosity, dynamic	:	Data not available	

## Shell Gadus S2 OG 50

Version 1.5	Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.2021
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a	a static accumulator.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### **10.1 Reactivity**

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

#### **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Hazardous reactions	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	: Strong oxidising agents.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition	products	
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.	

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

#### Acute toxicity

### Shell Gadus S2 OG 50

Version 1.5	Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.2021
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 5.000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classific	ation criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, th are not met.	e classification criteria
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5.000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classific	ation criteria are not met.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not a sensitiser., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Version 1.5

Revision Date 23.08.2021

Print Date 24.08.2021

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

#### Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

#### Further information

#### Product:

Remarks: Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

#### Summary on evaluation of the CMR properties

Germ cell mutagenicity- : This product does not meet the criteria for classification in

Version 1.5	Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.2021
Assessment	categories 1A/1B.	
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria categories 1A/1B.	a for classification in
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria categories 1A/1B.	a for classification in

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment : Product:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
<u></u>	
Toxicity to fish (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute : toxicity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to algae/aquatic : plants (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to fish (Chronic : toxicity)	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to crustacean : (Chronic toxicity)	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Toxicity to microorganisms : (Acute toxicity)	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.2021	
	Remarks: Not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.	
: Remarks: Contains components wi bioaccumulate.	ith the potential to	
: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on ir products)	formation on similar	
<ul> <li>Remarks: Semi-solid under most e it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil pa mobile.</li> <li>Remarks: Floats on water.</li> </ul>		
assessment		
: This mixture does not contain any I substances that are assessed to be		
<ul> <li>Does not have ozone depletion pot ozone creation potential or global w is a mixture of non-volatile compon released to air in any significant qu conditions of use.</li> <li>Poorly soluble mixture., Causes ph organisms.</li> <li>Mineral oil does not cause chronic organisms at concentrations less th</li> </ul>	varming potential., Product ents, which will not be antities under normal sysical fouling of aquatic toxicity to aquatic	
	<ul> <li>Revision Date 23.08.2021</li> <li>Remarks: Not readily biodegradable inherently biodegradable, but contapersist in the environment.</li> <li>Remarks: Contains components with bioaccumulate.</li> <li>log Pow: &gt; 6Remarks: (based on inproducts)</li> <li>Remarks: Semi-solid under most environment.</li> <li>Remarks: Floats on water.</li> <li>assessment</li> <li>This mixture does not contain any fisubstances that are assessed to be substances that are assessed to</li></ul>	

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	: Recover or recycle if possible.
	It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the
	toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to
	determine the proper waste classification and disposal
	methods in compliance with applicable regulations.
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to EC No 1907/2006 as amended as at the date of this SDS

Shell Gadus S2 OG 50		
/ersion 1.5	Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.202
	ground water, or be disposed of Do not dispose into the environic courses Do not dispose of tank water bo drain into the ground. This will r contamination. Waste arising from a spillage or disposed of in accordance with preferably to a recognised colle competence of the collector or o established beforehand.	ment, in drains or in water ottoms by allowing them to result in soil and groundwater r tank cleaning should be prevailing regulations, octor or contractor. The
	MARPOL - see International Co Pollution from Ships (MARPOL technical aspects at controlling	73/78) which provides
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with pre to a recognized collector or con the collector or contractor shoul Disposal should be in accordan national, and local laws and reg	tractor. The competence of Id be established beforehand. Ice with applicable regional,
Local legislation		
Waste catalogue	:	
	EU Waste Disposal Code (EWC	C):
Waste Code	:	
	12 01 12*	
Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordan national, and local laws and reg	
	Classification of waste is always user.	s the responsibility of the end

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number	
ADN	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name	
ADN	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good

## Shell Gadus S2 OG 50

Version 1.5	Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.202
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG IATA	<ul> <li>Not regulated as a dangerous good</li> <li>Not regulated as a dangerous good</li> </ul>	
4.3 Transport hazard class		
ADN	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
4.4 Packing group		
ADN	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
CDNI Inland Water Waste	: NST 3411 lubricating greases	
Agreement		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG IATA	<ul> <li>Not regulated as a dangerous good</li> <li>Not regulated as a dangerous good</li> </ul>	
	. Not regulated as a dangerous good	
4.5 Environmental hazards		
ADN	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ADR RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	<ul> <li>Not regulated as a dangerous good</li> <li>Not regulated as a dangerous good</li> </ul>	
-		
4.6 Special precautions for use		
Remarks	<ul> <li>Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, H for special precautions which a user needs needs to comply with in connection with tra</li> </ul>	to be aware of or

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances so	ubject to authorisation : Product is not subject to
(Annex XIV)	Authorisation under REACH.
Water hazard class	: WGK 1 slightly hazardous to water
(Germany)	Remarks: Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1 (5.2)
Volatile organic compounds	: 0%
Other regulations	: The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Shell Gadus S2 OG 50		
Version 1.5	Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.2021
	<ul> <li>Technische Anleitung Luft: Product not listed by name.</li> <li>Observe section 5.2.5 in connection with section 5.4.9</li> <li>Product is subject Betriebs-Sicherheits-Verordnung (BetrSichV).</li> <li>Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), annex XIV.</li> <li>Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), annex XIV.</li> <li>Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), annex XVII.</li> <li>Directive 2004/37/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens at work and its amendments.</li> <li>Directive 1994/33/EC on the protection of young people at work and its amendments.</li> <li>Council Directive 92/85/EEC on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding and its amendments.</li> </ul>	

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	: Notified with Restrictions.
TSCA	: All components listed.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of H-Stateme H228 H261 H304	<b>nts</b> Flammable solid. In contact with water releases flammable gases. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Full text of other abbr	eviations
Asp. Tox. Flam. Sol. Water-react. Abbreviations and Acro	Aspiration hazard Flammable solids Substances, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases nyms : The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial

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Shell Gadus S2 (	DG 50		
/ersion 1.5	Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.202	
	Hygienists	a the International	
	ADR = European Agreement concernin Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road		
	AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemica		
	ASTM = American Society for Testing a		
	BEL = Biological exposure limits		
	BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenz	ene, Xylenes	
	CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service	Council	
	CEFIC = European Chemical Industry ( CLP = Classification Packaging and La		
	COC = Cleveland Open-Cup	beiling	
	DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung		
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level		
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level		
	DSL = Canada Domestic Substance Lis	st	
	EC = European Commission		
	EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotor	xicology and	
	Toxicology Of Chemicals	kioology and	
	ECHA = European Chemicals Agency		
	EINECS = The European Inventory of E	EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial	
	Chemical Substances	Chemical Substances	
		EL50 = Effective Loading fifty	
	ENCS = Japanese Existing and New C Inventory	nemical Substances	
	EWC = European Waste Code		
	GHS = Globally Harmonised System of	Classification and	
	Labelling of Chemicals		
	IARC = International Agency for Resea		
	IATA = International Air Transport Asso	ciation	
	IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty		
	IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Dangero	ous Goods	
	INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory	00003	
	IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test me	thod N° 346 for the	
	determination of polycyclic aromatics D	MSO-extractables	
	KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals Inver	als Inventory	
	LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty		
	LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective Loa	ading/Inhibitory loading	
	LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty	ading/initiationy loading	
	MARPOL = International Convention fo	or the Prevention of	
	Pollution From Ships		
	NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Co	ncentration / No	
	Observed Effect Level		
	OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - H		
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Chemi		
	Substances	ous and onemical	
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentra	ation	
	REACH = Registration Evaluation And		
	Chemicals		
	RID = Regulations Relating to Internation	onal Carriage of	

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Version 1.5	Revision Date 23.08.2021	Print Date 24.08.2021
	Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Contro TWA = Time-Weighted Average vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioa	
Further information		
Other information	: No Exposure Scenario annex is attached to this safety data sheet. It is a non-classified mixture containing hazardous substances as detailed in Section 3; relevant information from Exposure Scenarios for the hazardous substances contained have been integrated into the core sections 1-16 of this SDS.	
	A vertical bar () in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.	

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.